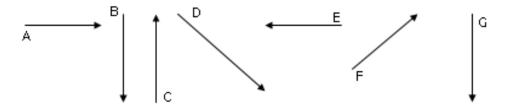
Section 8.1 Homework

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Name
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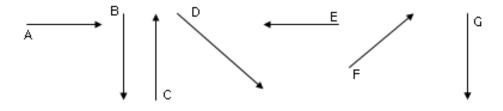
Find the magnitude and direction of each vector below.



3. Using the pictures below, draw a picture of $\mathbf{d} + \mathbf{g}$ using the parallelogram method.



4. Using the pictures below, draw a picture of $\mathbf{e} + \mathbf{f}$ using the triangle method.



- 5. A ship leaving port sails for 120 miles in a direction 42° north of due east. Find the magnitude of the vertical and horizontal components.
- 6. An airplane is flying at a velocity of 500 miles per hour due north when it encounters a wind blowing out of the west at 50 mph. What is the magnitude of the airplane's resultant velocity?

Section 8.2 Homework

Find the magnitude and direction of **AB** for the given coordinates. Round your answers to the nearest tenth.

1. A(3, 1) B(-2, 3) 2. A(0, 0) B(-2, 1)

$$3. A(0, 1) B(3, 5) 2. A(-2, 2) B(3, 1)$$

Given that $\mathbf{m} = \langle 1, -2 \rangle$ and $\mathbf{n} = \langle -3, -4 \rangle$, represent each of the following as a single vector.

5. **m** + **n** 6. **n** - **m**

Find an ordered pair to represent **u** in each equation if $\mathbf{v} = \langle 2, -1 \rangle$ and $\mathbf{w} = \langle -3, 5 \rangle$.

7. $\mathbf{u} = 3\mathbf{v}$ 8. $\mathbf{u} = \mathbf{w} - 2\mathbf{v}$

Find the magnitude and direction of each vector.

11. Nancy and Harry are lifting a stone statue and moving it to a new location in their garden. Nancy is pushing the statue with a force of 120 newtons at a 60° angle with the ground while Harry is pulling the statue with a force of 180 newtons at a 40° angle with the ground. What is the magnitude of the combined force they exert on the statue?

Name

Section 8.5 Homework

- 1. Two children are attempting to capture a loose dog. One of the children is exerting a force of 80N due north and the other is pulling with a force of 100N due east. What is the resultant force on the dog?
 - a. Draw a labeled diagram that represents the forces.
 - b. Determine the resultant force exerted on the dog by the two children.
 - c. Find the angle the resultant force (direction) makes with the east-west axis.
- 2. Two paramedics are moving a person on a stretcher. Bob is pushing the stretcher with a force of 120N at 50° with the ground, while Ed is pulling the stretcher with a force of 200N at 40° with the ground. What is the magnitude of the force exerted on the stretcher?

3. An airplane is flying at a velocity of 475 miles per hour at an angle of 60° north of east when it encounters a wind blowing out of the west at 45 mph. What is the magnitude of the airplane's resultant velocity?

Name____

<u>Recall that:</u> Dot product: $\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v} = u_1 v_1 + u_2 v_2$ Angle Between: $\cos x = \frac{u \cdot v}{ \vec{u} \vec{v} }$

1. Fill out the table for each vector pair

	a = <2, 3> and b = <7, -1>	c = <6, 9> and d = <2, 3>	e = <-3, 2> and f = <2, 3>
Calculate the dot product			
Graph each vector pair on the same set of axes			
Determine if each set is parallel, orthogonal, or neither.			

- 2. Recall that perpendicular lines have opposite reciprocal slopes. Suppose that vector $\mathbf{u} = \langle 6, 8 \rangle$.
 - a. Find two vectors that are orthogonal (perpendicular) to **u**.
 - b. "Scale-change" your answers from part (a) so that the vectors have a length of 20.

8.6 Worksheet

Name

Write the parametric equation of the line that passes through point P and is parallel to <a>.

- 1. P(-2, 1), a = <3, -4>
- 2. 2. P(3, 7), a = <4, 5>
- 3. P(2, -4), a = <1, 3>

Write the parametric equation of the line:

- 4. y = 3x 8
- 5. y = -x + 4
- 6. 5x + 4y = 20

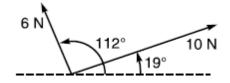
Write an equation in point-slope form of the line with the given parametric equation.

7. x = 2t + 3y = t - 4

8. x = t + 5y = -3t

Chapter 8 Review SHOW ALL WORK!!

- 1. Find the magnitude and direction of the resultant vector for the figure below. This means:
 - a. Draw the resultant with Triangle (Tip to tail) or Parallelogram method (tail to tail)
 - b. Find the components for each vector and add them
 - c. Given the new components, construct magnitude and direction for the new vector.



- 2. Let r = (-4, -3), s = (-3, 1), and t = (3, 2). Compute:
 - a. Find |s| and |t|
 - b. Find a vector of length 40 that is parallel to r.
 - c. $s \bullet (r-t)$
 - d. Find 5t + r
 - e. Given the formula $\cos x = \frac{\vec{u} \cdot \vec{w}}{|\vec{u}||\vec{w}|}$, find the angle, *x*, between r and t.

- 3. Let $\overrightarrow{m} = \langle 2, -3 \rangle$, $\overrightarrow{n} = \langle 1, 5 \rangle$, and $\overrightarrow{p} = \langle -2, 4 \rangle$. Find each of the following.
 - a. $\vec{n} + \vec{p}$ b. $\vec{m} \vec{p}$
 - c. $3\vec{n}$ d. $2\vec{m} + 3\vec{p}$
- 4. Use a ruler and protractor to determine the magnitude (in centimeters) and the direction of \vec{n} . Then find the coordinate point that represents the vector.

n

Name_

5. Draw the resultant vector of $\vec{v} + 2\vec{w}$:



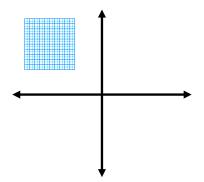
- 6. A hang-glider traveled forward at 4 m/s and descended at 2 m/s. Determine the magnitude of the resultant velocity of the hang-glider.
- 7. Write the ordered pair that represents the vector from X(-2, 4) to Y(4, -6). Then find the magnitude of \overline{XY} .

8. Use the triangle method to draw $2\vec{v} - 3\vec{w}$.

9. Given the formula $\cos x = \frac{\vec{u} \cdot \vec{w}}{|\vec{u}||\vec{w}|}$, find the angle, *x*, between $u = \langle 9, 7 \rangle$ and $v = \langle 2, -3 \rangle$.

- 10. Vector b is defined as (2, -9) to (-3, 7).
 - i. Draw vector b (on graph to the right)
 - ii. Draw the standard position of vector b.
 - i. Find the component representation of b.
- 11. Complete the second vector to make the pairs parallel or perpendicular
 - a. Finish "t" in order to make the two vectors parallel.
 - k = (9, 12) and $t = (-3, ___)$
 - b. Finish "s" in order to make the two vectors perpendicular

k = (-9, 8) and $t = (___, -10)$



- 12. Graph the line represented by the parametric equations :
 - x = 5 2ty = 4 + 10t

13. Use the graph of the vector (to the right) to find the magnitude and direction of the vector.

14. Write the **parametric** equations for the line through the point P = (2, 6) and is parallel to the vector $\mathbf{v} = (5, 1)$.

- 15. Write the equation of the line containing the point (-9, 3) and orthogonal to vector (-1, 4) in each of the following forms:
 - a. parametric form
 - b. Point-slope form

16. A bullet is shot at a speed of 180 m/s in the direction of 30° South of East, while the wind blows at a speed of 7 m/s in the direction of 7° West of North. Find the x and y components of the vector representing the bullets actual velocity.

17. Write a vector equation describing a line passing through $P_1(3, 2)$ and orthogonal to vector (4, -1). Then, write the equivalent parametric equation.

SKIP THIS PROBLEM

18. Find the parametric equation for a line parallel to vector (4, 2) and passing through the point (-1, -3). Then make a table of values and graph the line.

- 19. Write the parametric equation of y = 3x 5.
- 20. Write an equation in slope-intercept form and vertex form of the line whose parametric equation is:

x = 3 + 2ty = -1 - 4t

SKIP THIS PROBLEM

21. An airplane is set to travel at a speed of 525 mph in the direction 35° west of north. The plane encounters a tail wind at a speed of 40 mph in the direction 10° south of east. Find the *x* and *y* components of the vector representing the airplane's actual velocity relative to the land.

22. A hiker leaves her camp and walks for 15 miles in a direction 50° north of due east. Find the magnitude of her vertical and horizontal components.